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A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

In traveling, we often meet with persons of different nationalities and languages. We also meet with incidents of various character, some sorrowful and others joyful and instructive. One of the latter character I witnessed recently, while traveling upon the cars. The train was going West, and the time was evening. At a station a little girl about eight years old came aboard, carrying a little budget under her arm. She came into the car and deliberately took a seat. She then commenced an eager scrutiny of faces; but all were strange to her. She appeared weary, and placing her budget for a pillow, she prepared to try to secure a little sleep. Soon the conductor came along collecting tickets and fare. Observing him, she asked if she might lie there. The gentlemanly conductor replied that she might and then kindly asked for her ticket. She informed him that she had none, when the following conversation ensued: Where are you going?' She answered, "I am going to heaven.' He asked again, "Who pays your fare?" She then said, "Mister, does this railroad lead to heaven, and does Jesus travel on it?" He answered, "I think not. Why did you think so?" "Why, sir, before my ma died she used to sing to me of a heavenly railroad; and you looked so nice and talked so kind I thought this was the road. My ma used to sing of Jesus on the heavenly railroad, and that he paid the fare for everybody; and that the train stopped at every station to take people on board; but my ma don't sing to me any more. Nobody sings to me now, and thought I would take the cars and go to ma. Mister, do you sing to your little girl about the railroad that goes to heaven?' You have a little girl, haven't you?"

He replied, weeping, "No, my little dear, I have no little girl now. I had one once, but she died some time ago, and went to heaven.' Again she asked, 'Did she go over this railroad; and are you going to see her now?'

By this time every person in the coach was upon his feet, and most of them weeping. An attempt to describe what I witnessed is almost futile. Some said, 'God bless the little girl." Hearing some persons say that she was an angel, the little girl earnestly replied, "Yes, my ma used to say that I would be an angel some time.'

Addressing herself once more to the conductor, she asked him, "Do you love Jesus? I do, and if you love him he will let you ride to heaven on his railroad. I am going there, and I wish you would go with me. I know Jesus will let me into heaven when I get there, and he will let you in too, and everybody who will ride on his railroad—yes, all these people. Wouldn't you like to see heaven, and Jesus, and your little girl?" These words, so innocently and pathetically uttered' brought a great gush of tears from all eyes, but most profusely from the eyes of the conductor. Some who were traveling on the heavenly railroad shouted aloud for joy. She now asked the conductor, "Mister, may I lie here until we get to heaven?" He answered, "Yes, dear, yes.' She then asked, "Will you wake me up then, so that I might see my ma, your little girl, and Jesus? for I do so much want to see them all.' The answer came in broken accents, but in words very tenderly spoken, "Yes, dear angel, yes; God bless you.' Amen,' was sobbed by more than a score of voices.

Turning her eyes again upon the conductor, she interrogated him again.

"What shall I tell your little girl when I see her? Shall I say to her that I saw her pa on Jesus' railroad? Shall I?' This brought a fresh flood of tears from all present, and the conductor kneeled by her side, and embracing her, wept the reply he could not utter. At this juncture the brakeman called out, "H—a.' The conductor arose and requested him to attend to his (the conductor's) duty at the station for he was engaged. That was a precious place. I thank God that I was a witness to the scene; but I was sorry that at this point I was obliged to leave the train.

We learn from the incident that out of the mouth of even babes God has ordained strength, and that we ought to be willing to represent the cause of our blessed Jesus even in a railroad coach.—Christian Expositor.

The difference between a tale-bearer and sealing-wax is, that sealing wax burns to keep a secret, and the tale-bearer burns to tell one.

"Jemima,' said a fashionable miss to her friend, 'I think Charlie Potts is perfectly splendid; he can get on my gloves, and wears split-curls.

Brown is a married man now. A few days since he thought of taking a trip to Paris. One of his friends, meeting him in the street, inquired, "Well, Brown, my boy, when are you off?' 'Next week.' 'Going to take your wife with you?' 'No, it is a voyage of pleasure."

SPEECH OF SPOTTED TAIL.

The following is the full text of the speech of Spotted Tail, the noted Sioux chief, delivered in the conference last Thursday with Secretary Delano and the Indian Commissioner. It related to matters explained in various telegrams from Washington:

After a pause, Spotted Tail arose, and, shaking hands with the Secretary and the Commissioner, resumed his seat and said (his remarks being interpreted by the Rev. Mr. Hinman):

'My Father: I have considered all the Great Father told me, and have come here to give you an answer. When people have fully considered a subject their conclusion ought to be a good one. I made the treaty with Generals Sherman and Harney in 1868 have not broken it. I came here to shake hands and make a new treaty. I came here to ask for a great deal. I want good clothes, such as you, (pointing to Secretary Delano and Commissioner Smith,) both wear. [How!] When I was here before the President gave me my country. I put my stake down in a good place, and there I want to stay. I know my country is a good country, because I put things in the ground and they grow up. I have asked for a saw-mill, a plow and other things to farm with. My Father, one thing displeases me. Your surveyors have come and put down stakes, and I don't like it, and want them removed. [How!] I respect the treaty, but the white men who come in our country do not. You speak of another country, but it is not my country; it does not concern me, and I want nothing to do with it. I was not born there, but if it is such a good country you ought to send the white men now in our country there and let us alone. [How! How! How! by the entire delegation and laughter among the pale faces present.] You say you will give us $25,000 if we will give up the privilege of hunting buffalo outside our reservation. If you will add $15,000 to this we will give you the buffalo. [Laughter.] We came here in a great hurry, and had but little time to consult our people, and we want you to send some men to us to talk the matter over. The weather is warm and Congress is not in session, and after we consider the subject more would like to come to Washington with fifty chiefs to settle the matter with Congress. I want to have one more council here and then go home.

Secretary Delano said the survey referred to by Spotted Tail was made in pursuance of the treaty of 1868, and the stakes must not be removed. In regard to the $25,000 he said the President nor himself had no power to increase it to $40,000.

After conferring with Spotted Tail Mr. Hinman said he fully comprehended it, but said his people were stubborn and he was afraid to speak the same as the Secretary was afraid of the newspapers here.

[Good for Spotted Tail.]

STAY WHERE YOU ARE.

One of the greatest drawbacks to prosperity is the restive, roving, and unsettled spirit of the people. Each one imagines that there is an El Dorado somewhere, or that some section is more prosperous than his own, and that he must get to it before he can accomplish anything. The idea unsettles him, and if he does not 'pull up' and migrate at once, he is forever thinking about it, and neglect to improve his present home and farm. The delusion has been wide spread since the war, and much individual disaster has been the result. The curse of Reuben seems to rest upon the people.

It is a great mistake. Contentment is the great secret of life. Old Horace struck the right key when he said: 'Happiness depends not upon place nor climate, but upon the state of one's mind.' Rolling stones gather no moss,' and the experiment of selling out and moving, in the hope of bettering the condition, often ends in bitter disappointment and irretrievable loss.

Better stay where you are. If you are in a good community, and your lands have bottom, drive down your pegs and locate. Remember that there's more in the man than the land,' as old Jones said, on returning from Texas, after terrible failure, to the worn out homestead he had sold, and found it blooming like a garden. Right up the old dwelling, renew the outbuildings, pailings, fences and barns; spend a few dollars in white paint, and give the premises an air of cheerfulness. Cultivate less ground, and make it richer every year. Make plenty to eat and some to sell, and let your crop be clear profit. Plant fruit trees, have your rye, oats, barley, wheat and clover patches; fine horses, fat cows, and rich butter. Give your wives and daughters flower gardens, and assist them in collecting a good assortment of roots and cuttings. Do these simple things, and, our word for it, your homes will take new hold upon your affections, and, instead of the rickety, dilapidated establishments, and solemn, hungry-looking countenances so common in our country, we will find comfortable and inviting homes, where all is love, contentment and happiness. It will be like a Colchian enchantress infusing new juices into the veins for the prolongation of life and youth. Try it. Turn over a new leaf and begin anew. Fear God and love your neighbors, your wives and your children, and don't try to get rich in one year.

SCENE AT A CHURCH DEDICATION.

Rumors were current of the streets last evening that a large woods fire, in Upper Bern Township, had destroyed barns and burnt many horses and cattle. Subsequently it was learned, from people who were in attendance, that the woods near the new St. Michael's Church, in that township, were accidentally set on fire during the dedicatory services in the afternoon, and that a number of horses and carriages were burned. These conveyed people to the church, and through the woods.

Mr. Oliver D. Schock, the Eagle correspondent at Hamburg, was present at the fire. He writes that the consternation and the scene that ensued were terrific beyond description.

It was about two o'clock in the afternoon, and the church was packed. Rev. T. C. Dienbath, of Womelsdorf, was reading a Scriptural lesson, when of a sudden the terrible cry of fire was raised. One of the members rushed rapidly forward to Rev. Mr. Zweizig in the pulpit and informed him that the dry trees and leaves of the adjoining grove were on fire, and that all the horses and carriages therein were being burned up. Mr. Zweizig immediately announced it, and a wild panic ensued. Everybody rushed to get out, and when the congregation reached the burning woods, the flames shot up, and many of the poor horses were literally surrounded by the fire, the flames shooting up fully twelve feet. The people at once set to work to extinguish it. The scene was terrible to behold. Horses neighed and whinned in their agony; people screamed, men rushed backward and forward, excited and anxious to render assistance; brakemen rushed through the flames and cut the halter straps of the tied up horses; the animals then, finding themselves loosened, ran away, dashing the carriages against the burning trees; men with rakes and clubs, and other articles, set to work vigorously to beat out the fire; women screamed and stood in terror, viewing a scene that few people are ever called upon to witness, and above the noise and din of everything could be heard the dying shrieks and groans of the poor horses; and the pistol shots sending bullets through the heads of the animals to kill those that were burned almost to death. I shall never forget the sickening sight, and those that were present were of the same opinion. All was hurry and excitement. A high wind prevailed, and heavy sparks descended hundred of yards away. At one time fears were entertained that the church would be swept away in the fiery element, but the work of brave and determined men spared that community from any further calamity.

It was a terrible day for Upper Bern, and I saw men stand in tears viewing the suffering of the dying horses as the flesh quivered with pain. The scene that followed is beyond description. After the excitement was partially subdued, I learned that the woods had been accidently set on fire by a gentleman who was lighting his cigar. A lighted match fell from his hands. During the excitement a gentleman named Lukenbill, who was cutting the horses loose in the woods, accidentally inflicted a serious wound in his cheek, which was dressed by Dr. Potteiger, of Hamburg.

A WOMAN'S WIT.

When trade grew slack, and bills fell due, the merchant's face grew long and blue. At last his wife unto him said: "Rise up at once, get out of bed, and get your paper, ink, and pen, and say these words unto all men:—'My goods I wish to sell to you, and to your wife and daughters, too; my prices are so very low, that all will buy before they go.' He did as his good wife advised, and in the paper advertised. Crowds came and bought of all he had, his bills were paid, his dreams were glad; and he will tell you to this day, how well did printer's ink repay. He told us with a knowing wink, how he was saved by printer's ink.

THE PRINTING OFFICE.

The printing office has indeed proved a better college to many a boy, has graduated more useful and conspicuous members of society, has brought up more intellect out and turned it into practical, useful channels, awakened more minds generated more active and elevated thoughts, than any of the literary colleges of the country. A boy who commenced in such a school as the printing office, will have his talents and ideas brought out; and if he is a careful observer, experienced in his profession will contribute more toward an education than can be obtained in almost any other manner.

Five courses of brick will lay one foot in height on a chimney; six bricks in a course will make a flue four inches wide and twelve inches long, and eight bricks in a course, will make a flue eight inches wide and sixteen inches long.

THE GREAT NATIONAL CENTENNIAL.

The Wilmington Journal says we are free to confess that when the project of celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of American Independence at Philadelphia next year, by the opening of the great international exhibition of the arts and industries of all nations, was first discussed, and for a long time afterwards, we were not among its enthusiastic supporters. There were, as we believed, good reasons for our indifference on the subject, and for our unwillingness to see Congress appropriate any considerable sum for the purpose. We even felt a little inclined to quarrel with our schoolmate and life-long friend who represents this District in Congress for his vote and speech in favor of an appropriation for the exposition.

But there have been so many evidences recently, of a sincere desire on the part of our Northern countrymen to make all these Centennial occasions of friendly reunion between the sections; there is such a manifest disposition to recognize the claim of the Southern people to a full and honorable participation in the great national celebration on the 4th of July, 1876, to which all the others are regarded as only preliminary—that we do not hesitate to express the hope that it will, in every respect, be such an occasion as becomes this great and powerful nation. We hope the Southern States will be fully represented, will cordially assist in the exercises. The selection of orators and marshals is most happy. Charles Francis Adams, of Massachusetts, the son and grandson of a President of the United States, will speak for New England and the North; and Lucius Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi, will speak for the South. They are both distinguished representative men of their respective sections, and will deliver orations worthy of the occasion. Gen Sherman will be Chief Marshal, and his former great antagonist, Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, will be Military Commander. There certainly could not have been any more gratifying evidence of the spirit which actuates the managers of the affair, than is furnished by these selections.

It promises to be in every sense a truly national and patriotic occasion, and one which will contribute more to a final and cordial re-establishment of the Union, than all other events since the war combined. We would like mightily to see some of our old Confederate regiments marching down Chesnut street, alternating in the column with regiments of 'boys in blue.' Such a scene would be as pleasing as it would be remarkable; and would certainly rouse enthusiasm in every looker-on. It would be an astonishing exhibition to the thousands of intelligent foreigners who will attend, and would have a healthy effect on our foreign relations.

Hurrah! then for the National Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, and let every Southern State send a full delegation up to the Quaker City on the 4th July, 1876. Who will first start the reorganization of some of our old 'Reb'' regiments or brigades for the occasion?

TRANSFUSION OF BLOOD.

The rescue of Gen. F. B. Blair from the jaws of death, as it were, by the simple process of the transfusion of blood has suggested to the Chicago Times unlimited possibilities for the improvement of the human race. The doctors report that General Blair, after each infusion, partook largely of the nature of the person from whom the supply of blood was drawn. For instance, when he received from the arm of a healthy young man a supply, who, unknown to the physicians, had been on a small spree the day before, the general immediately became very drunk.—This shows that great care must be exercised in the selection of the blood supply. But with this precaution observed, what a vast amount of good may be accomplished among our public men! Take the case of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, to begin with. A pious monk should be found in some secluded cloister, whose reputation for continuency is unassailable, and Mr. Beecher's veins should be filled periodically with the cool blood of the anchorite. The blood of a gentleman should be infused into the veins of B. F. Butler. For Zach Chandler, a teetotaler, with an undoubted character for sobriety, should be found, and found right away. For Matt Carpenter, the same who did duty for Beecher would serve, unless the strain on him was too great. The blood of almost anybody would make an improvement in John A. Logan. A modest man should be selected for Murat Halstead even though it be necessary to scrape the country with a fine tooth comb to find him. And so on to the end of the chapter. The medical profession and the people at large will learn that this transfusion of blood is a big thing. There's millions in it.

When an employer sees a young man with good wages, who spends all that he earns, it might be well for him to see that he also earns all that he spends.

What do you expect to live on? asked an old gentleman of a young man, who sought his daughter's hand. 'Love on!' exclaimed the young man, 'why, on you, of course.' He thought such engaging frankness would please the old man, but it didn't.

WOULDN'T MARRY A MECHANIC.

A young man commenced visiting a young woman, and appeared to be very well pleased. One evening he called when it was quite late, which led the young lady to enquire where he had been.

'I had to work to-night,'

'What do you work for a living?' she inquired in astonishment.

'Certainly,' replied the young man, 'I am a mechanic.'

'I dislike the name of mechanic,' and she turned up her nose.

This was the last time the young man visited the young lady. He is now a wealthy man, and has one of the best women in the country for a wife.

The young lady who disliked the name of a mechanic, is now the wife of a miserable fool—a regular vagrant about groggeries—and the sole verdant, silly, miserable girl is obliged to support herself and children.

You dislike the name of mechanic, eh?—You, whose brother are but well dressed loafers. We pity any girl who is so verdant, so soft, to think less of a young man for being a mechanic—one of God's noblemen—the most dignified and honorable personage of heaven's creatures.

Be ware young ladies, how you treat young men who work for a living, for you may one of these days be menial to one of them. Far better to discharge the well fed paupies with all his rings, jewelry, braggadocia and pomposity, and to take to your affection the callous handed, industrious merchanic.

Thousand have bitterly repented their folly who have turned their backs on honest industry. A few years have taught them a severe lesson.

WHAT HAS THE GRANGE DONE?

From a speech published in one of our exchanges we make the following extract:

'It has caused business to be conducted on a more ecomnical basis, and consequently has cheapened all goods bought for cash. It has brought producer and consumer nearer together. It has inaugurated in public sentiments a revolution in favor of cash system. It will take years to complete it, but that revolution has commenced, and millions have already been saved to the people. It has already began to elevate farming as a profession, and has drawn farmers nearer each other socially and for business purposes. It has given an impetus to intelligent farming everywhere. It has sown seed that will ripen into a rich harvest of prosperity for the farmer, and consequently for all classes. It has inaugurated a reform that will not cease until virtue and honesty once more bear sway where ignorance and corruption hold high carnival. It has put three millions of farmers to thinking. Are not these achievements enough for so short a time?'

Moral courage enables young men to wear old gloves, hat and coat till they can honestly afford the new. It requires an effort, but it will have a good result. Men schooled to such deeds of heroism will refuse to endorse bad bills, will not vote for knaves, nor make obedience to scoundrels who give lavishly what they have gained lawlessly, nor take with pride the hand of a villain however exalted.—N. Y. Observer.

A gentleman once met a little fellow, seven years of age, on his way to school. Stopping him for a moment, he said, "Well my little boy, what do you intend to be when you grow up?' He had asked the question a great many times before, and some boys told him they meant to be farmers, some merchants, some minister. But what do you think was the answer of this little boy? Better than all of them. "I mean to be a man," he said. It matters very little whether he be a farmer, or a merchant, or a minister, if he be a true man; and to be a true man he must be a good man.

Wives, instead of going to Indiana to get divorced, should induce their husbands to move to Illinois. There the legislature has decreed that they can sue—even their husbands—and be sued; that in the event of desertion by their liege lords they have the custody of their children and the right to manage their husband's affairs. The wife's earnings are sacred. Neither husband nor his creditors can claim them. There is no hindrance to acquiring, possessing or selling real and personal property on the wife's more than on the husband's part.

"Going to leave, Mary?' 'Yes, mum; I find I'm very discontented.' If there is anything I can do to make you more comfortable, let me know.' 'No mum, it's impossible. You can't alter your figger no more'n I can. Your dresses won't fit me and I can't appear on Sundays as I used to at my last place, where mism' clothes fitted mostly.'

The boy who ran away from school to go fishing all alone," and caught himself in the lip, says he's got enough of fishing on his own hook.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JUNE 9. 1875.

THE THIRD TERM.

The event of the last week was the letter of the President to the Chairman of the Republican Convention for the State of Pennsylvania. It was called out by a resolution of that body condemning the principle of the Third term and committing the Republican party of Pennsylvania in opposition to it

At first blush, it might appear that the President had met the question fairly and answered it honestly, and that, a subject so damaging to his party had been disposed of forever. This is the construction put upon it by the National Republican and Baltimore American.

But, the more acute of the Northern Journals denounce the letter as double tongued and disingenuous, and that in truth Grant has made a distinct bid for the third term. He himself has never spoken to the public on the subject before. He has left that for his friends and his organs, and they have done so so indiscreetly as to have alarmed the more wise or the more patriotic of the Republicans. Now he speaks himself, and while appearing to reject the gift, leaves himself so many openings for a change of opinion that he really says more to strengthen the impression that he seeks the coveted honor than that it is undesirable to him.

He says "I would not accept a nomination if it were tendered me unless under such circumstances as to make it an imperative duty." This coupled with his expression that a limitation of an incumbent to two terms, might in time become a national calamity leaves it in his power to shape the remainder of his present term in such a way as to make his acceptance of the candidacy one of those occasions 'of imperative duty' to avoid this apprehended national calamity.

This opens his way most clearly to a third term or a life tenure, just as he may choose, provided the people endorse him. This seems to be an unsteady reliance, for if his ambition is smothered by caucuses and conventions, it is tolerably certain that those bodies have well reflected the feelings of the people. And the people are all over the country are convinced that the days of honesty, of purity, of economy, of oppressive taxation will never pass away until another administration, and another party is put at the head of affairs. To sustain Grant any longer is to perpetuate the Butlers and the Sawyers, and the Delanos, and the Sanborns, and the Jaynes, and the Spencers, and the Kellogg, and the thousands whose enormities have brought disgrace upon the republican name, and who have been sustained, protected and rewarded by Grant. To get rid of them, the Grand Patron must go also.

It may be a bid for the third term. If so the Democratic party has nothing to fear, for it brings to its support many thousands of Republicans who will not be inconsistent with their position and who will prefer to support a Democrat rather than one who would violate so unscrupulously the cherished traditions of the government—or else not vote at all.

May has been a month of horrors as well as a month of flowers. The wreck of the Schiller on the English coast takes the lead in the chapter of disasters; other marine disasters of less extent are recorded; the great fires in Pennsylvania add a painful interest to the story of suffering and distress; the Boston explosion and the Holyoke disaster enrich it with horror, and now as the month closes the cable tells a tale of earthquakes in the East, involving the destruction of six hundred houses and the loss of at least one hundred and sixty-one lives.

The Spirit of the South says that he has seen corn tassels of this years growth, and the grower, Mr. Richmond has cabbage 2½ feet across the head.

Boston State House, is the hub of the Solar system. You could not pry that out of a Bostonian, if you had the tire of creation for a crow bar.

The business portion of Great Bend, in Pennsylvania including two banks, ten stores, the Masonic Hall and the postoffice, has been burned. Loss over 100,000.

A lady in Memphis says she does not want any jewelry, and wouldn't take a silk dress as a gift. Memphis has another live curiosity; a cross eyed cat.

Edgar Poe said: "To vilify a great man is the readiest way in which a little man can render himself conspicuous.

A Pennsylvanian boats that he makes a soap that will wash a politician's character as white as snow.

What a lot of *lye* there must be in it!

THE ATWATER BRIBERY CASE.

A fortnight ago a writer in the News, who signed himself Patron charged upon Mr. Turner the editor of the Sentinel that he had endeavored to induce the withdrawal of Mr. Atwater from his candidacy for the House of Representatives by the offer of the per diem which would have been due to Mr. Atwater if elected. After a silence of a week or more Mr. Turner replies in the Sentinel of the 31st 'that he had never heard of it nor did he ever hear of it until it appeared in the News.' 'If bribes were offered to Mr. Atwater, we know nothing of it.'

It will strike the people of Orange as strange that Mr. Turner should be ignorant of what was a common topic of conversation within a week after the offer was alleged to have been made. Mr. Turner is not apt to be ignorant of what transpires in Orange. On the contrary he is more likely to *be too well informed*. How then should he be ignorant of the charges made by 'Patron.'

One thing everybody in Orange knows, and that was his anxiety to get into the Legislature by the displacement of either Mr. Latta or Mr. Atwater. That Mr. Turner has not forgotten.

In this connection Mr. Turner seems to be in haste to anticipate any charge that might be made in connection with efforts to displace Mr. Latta. We do not see the necessity of it unless it is the operations of a guilty conscience. We have never heard that any improper approaches were made to Mr. Latta. We did hear that Mr. Turner had endeavored to induce Mr. Latta to withdraw and that the latter peremptorily declined. Mr. Latta is the best witness to this fact.

We did, as Mr. Turner states, receive a letter from a prominent friend of Mr. Turner urging upon us the necessity of having the name of Mr. Latta withdrawn and the name of Mr. Turner substituted. Mr. Turner has never been charged with instigating that letter, and as our correspondent was a gentleman of intelligence and then as now a warm friend of Mr. Turner, we give him the benefit of his *voluntary disclaimer*. But remembering all of Mr. Turners unselfish zeal (!) last summer for the welfare (!) of the Conservative party in Orange, if the charge had been made by another it would have deserved consideration.

Mr. Turner lugs in subjects most incongruously and illogically. What our being disconcerted at the nomination of Mr. Latta has to do with Patrons charge, no one but Mr. Turner can see. There was no outward sign, at any rate, that we were disconcerted. Mr. Latta's name floated at our mast head till the day of our election and he had our vote without reservation. And it is quite as likely that Mr. Turner's own anxieties had much to do with the feeling that made Mr. Latta's nomination so unpopular.

We look for Patron's reply with some interest.

THE UNIVERSITY FUND.

The Raleigh News says, we learn from Mr. Kemp P. Battle, chairman of the committee for raising contributions for the revival of the University, that he finds the most gratifying interest taken in the subject, not only among the sons of the University, but all the friends of higher education. He is sending subscription papers out rapidly, and hopes soon to chronicle large returns. In a visit to Edgecombe last week, in a few hours he secured over $2,000, and Capt. Fred Phillips, who is acting as his agent, expects by the 10th inst; to raise the quota of Edgecombe to $3,500 or $4,000. Thus far have been handed in, most of them voluntarily, two subscriptions of 1,000 each fifteen of $500 each, one of $2500, four of $330 each one of $200, seven of $100 each; aggregating about $12,000. All of these subscriptions are payable in equal annual installments except one of $1,000, which is in an eight per cent first mortgage bond—a first class security.

No publication will be made of the subscriptions until after the 10th of June, when the reports will all be in.

Mr. Battle requests that those willing to help the University, to whom he may not send subscription papers will communicate with him at once.

He further requests that newspapers desiring to aid the revival of the University will please copy this notice.

The beautiful Mrs. Huggins late Stewardess at the Asylum has gone and married a Taylor from Henderson county. Col. and Senator 'so called.'

Fit the same intellect to a man, and it is a bow string—to a woman and it is a harp string.

'It isn't loud praying which counts with the Lord, so much as giving four full quarts with every gallon.' Says an Arkansas circuit rider.

Rhode Island is bristling with spelling matches. Some of the Dictionary words reach clear across the State.

The Torch-Light says: 'Our people are working quietly, and silently about the Railroad, they are determined to have one.'

ADDRESS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The Raleigh News says, we gave to our readers yesterday morning the address which the Executive Committee has issued to the people of North Carolina, to arouse them upon the subject of the Convention, and to direct their thoughts to the questions which will arise during the season's canvass. The address is clear, sensible and moderate, and will be acceptable to men of both parties, for it states nothing but what is true, and proposes nothing but what is right and practicable.

One of the difficulties which has opposed itself to the call of the Convention has been the apathetic indifference into which the people of the State had fallen with respect to the monstrosities and burdens of the Canby Constitution. Like a permanent disease in the physical frame, they had learned to endure what seemed to be inevitable, and were loth to make the effort to relieve themselves of burdens which time and use had made tolerable. They had forgotten, apparently, that it was in their power to throw off the disease on the body politic, and to restore it to healthful purity and vigor. And they had forgotten the instrumentalities by which all the promises of a return to a free and happy conditions which, in the subsidence of the agitation incident upon the close of the war was a possibility, had been falsified. They had forgotten the vile instruments from abroad, the ignorant tools at home, that had foisted a system foreign to our habits and repugnant to our feelings upon us. They had forgotten that the real representative men of North Carolina were excluded from participation in the formation of the Constitution of 1868, and that the interloping carpet-bagger, and the ignorant negro were framers of the instrument which presumed to shape the fortunes and destinies of North Carolina for all time. And they had forgotten too, that in the ratification of the Constitution, a soldier's autocratic fiat decided with a soldier's bluntness and a soldiers's vigor, a doubt which should have been balanced in the delicate scale of popular arbitration.

Under a wise principle in the mental constitution men reconcile themselves to what they believe to be irremediable. Under a less praiseworthy principle, they cease to strive against assaults upon their liberties, and sink listlessly into the arms of the oppressor. This is the beginning of slavery, and this is the foundation of despotism.

It was to recall to the people a knowledge of the rights they had lost, a resumption of the powers wrested from them, a deliverance from the burdens which oppressed them, a return to their primitive system of government, a restoration of economy in the administration of their internal affairs, a renewal of the simplicity and clearness in the application of the laws, that the Convention was called. Some of the loftiest minds and purest patriots in the State revolted at the idea that the free high spirited people of North Carolina, always impatient of restraint even to revolution, should passively yield to the siren song of peace or of interest, and give themselves up forever to the domination of a constitution framed by the refuse material left upon the surface of the State upon the subsidence of the waves of conquest, or by the little less ignoble participation of lately liberated slaves.

It is a happy omen of the success of the friends of the Convention, that in its discussion previous to its call by the Legislature, and since, that the measure has been one of growing strength, and has at length called to it the support not only of all the Democratic conservatives, but the more liberal and enlightened of the Republicans. It has no enemies but those who sustain the extremest measures of Radical branch of the Republican party, of men who, professing the most violent devotion to the rights of man, aspire no higher than a devotion to party, and who would sacrifice country, principle, liberty, everything, that the narrow interest of party may continue to prevail. These men oppose the call of Convention with all the weapons of deceit and misrepresentation. They go so far as to demand a pledge from the candidates revolutionary in its character, and utterly subversive of that principle that the will of the people must be supreme that of a discontented and weakening faction may prevail.

We commend the address to our readers. It is the first gun of the campaign and we hope its thunders will wake up our friends to action.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Another Indian conference was held to-day. Speeches were made by Red Cloud, Spotted Tail, Bad Wound and Secretary Delano. The latter told the Indians the government would give them $25,000 for their hunting privileges in Nebraska, and if they did not accept that they might as well cease talking. After considerable discussion among the Indians they agreed to accept the proposition, though the Great Chief expressed doubts about getting their just rights and before signing any papers hope to have another talk with their 'Great Father, the President Spotted Tail said he wanted the $25,000 this afternood. The money will be expended in buying presents for them.

A. J. Falk, Chief Clerk of the Department of Justice, has resigned. No successor has yet been appointed.

The President will leave for Long Branch on Tuesday next.

The Southern Memorial Association today decorated the graves of the Confederate dead at Arlington, two hundred and thirty-three in number. A large number were present from this city and the adjoining country. After prayer by Dr. Elliot, of the Ascension Episcopal Church, the assemblage proceeded to the portion of the grounds where rest the Confederate dead and proceeded to decorate the graves. Dr. Garnett stated that some letters had been received from Richmond, Winchester and other places. Mr. C. P. Harmon read that from the Hollywood Memorial Association of Richmond, regretting the inability of the Association to attend and forwarding an elegant floral anchor. There was no speech-making, and the ceremony was exceedingly impressive and solemn.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day made a call for the redemption of ten millions of coupon bonds for the syndicate.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The dedicatory ceremonies of the new Masonic temple in this city began this morning with a procession of Masons, which was probably the largest, most imposing and most important civic display yet witnessed here. In all directions along Broadway and Fifth avenue and the principal street near those leading thoroughfares, flags and bunting were hung to the breeze, and everything indicated a gala day. As the time for the procession to move came on, the streets and windows and doorsteps of the houses on the line of march were filled with people. The twenty-six divisions into which the participants in the procession had been divided took up their places in admirable order and with military promptitude in the various streets, begining with Ninth and ending with Nineteenth, abutting on Fifth avenue, the right of each division resting in each case on the avenue.

CONCORD, June 2.—The Legislature met to-day amid great excitement. Twelve senators who had been elected qualified. John Sanborne was elected President of the Senate, receiving seven Democratic votes. The Republicans declined to vote. The five Republicans then withdrew in a body. The Senate then completed its organization under Democratic auspices. The seceeding senators met elsewhere and made a temporary organization. The House is balloting for a Speaker. The entrance to the Capitol is guarded by the police.

GALVESTON, June 2.—In the civil-rights case in the United States District court yesterday, against Manager Greenwalt, of the Opera-House, the judge decided that the demurrer be sustained and the indictment quashed on the ground of the act being unconstitutional and the indictment not alleging that the complainant was a citizen of the United States. It is thought that other cases will be decided in a similar manner.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, June 2.—The Republican State Convention assembled here to-day. Five hundred and forty-six delegates were in attendance. Lorenzo Danford was elected temporary chairman, and R. B. Hayes nominated for Governor.

GALVESTON, June 3.—A Special dispatch to the News, from Brownsville, says General Fuero, recently at Monterey, is on his way to this frontier, of which he is to have command. His forces include two regiments of cavalry, with orders to check raiding upon Texas.

General Cortinas positively refuses to obey orders directing him to report in person at the city of Mexico. He says he has resigned, and is now a citizen. His friends are circulating a petition to the Government to let Cortinas remain in authority on the Rio Grande.

The appearance of Texas State troops on the Rio Grande produced great excitement among the people on the Mexican side.

Residents of ranches above Matamoras have organized to resist invasion and have placed sentinels at the crossings of the rivers and roads. The cattle drovers are much alarmed. Some prominent citizens have gone to Matamoras for security and protection.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Assistant Surgeon John O. Skinner has been ordered to the department of the South.

The detectives are still blind regarding the $47,000 theft from the Treasury Department. The gentlemen in the cash-room express themselves as in a painful state of suspense, and Mr. Spinner is worn out by anxiety.

The Indians called at the Interior Department this morning to say good-bye to the commissioner, when a short interview took place after which they left and expect to start for home to-night. The visit has been without result.

BOSTON, June 5.—A large fire has been raging since Friday afternoon near the line between Canton and Sharon. Several hundred acres have been burned over, and the damage so far will reach $20,000.

MACHIAS, MAINE, June 5.—An incendiary fire here this morning destroyed the Catholic church and parsonage, the residences of Nathan Longfellow and Doctor Peabody, several small buildings and barns, and 150,000 feet of timber. Loss, $25,000.

Somebody says: That Gov. Brogden, never shot a squirrel, or caught a fish, or set a dog of his own on anything. It is presumed too that he never knew the time o'day, since he never owned a watch.

J. C. VAN HOOK, H. F. JONES.
F. H. RUFFIN, JAS. F. CAIN.
Proprietors.

GRANGE

WAREHOUSE

AT

RAIL ROAD DEPOT.

HILLSBORO, N. C.

BY

VAN HOOK, JONES & CO.,

SALE DAYS

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of each week.

☞ Charges as low as those of any other house in the county.

May 19 tf.

MARKETS.

DANVILLE, Va., June 8th.

Reported by S. H. Holland & Co., Receipts light and market very active.

Lugs, Very common	7.00 to 8.00
" Good "	10.00 to 11.00
" common bright,	12.00 to 14.00
" Fancy Smokers,	15.00 to 20.00
Leaf, common red	11.00 to 12.00
" good	13.00 to 15.00
Wrappers, Medium	25.00 to 35.00
" Fine,	50.00 to 60.00
" " Extra	75.00 to 100.00

DURHAM June 7th

Corrected by Reams and Walker.

Lugs.—Dark,	8 to 10
Red,	8 to 12
Bright.—Com.	12 to 15
Good,	15 to 20
Fine, "	20 to 30
Fancy,	30 to 45
Red Leaf.—Com. dark,	10 to 12
Good,	12 to 14
Fine,	15 to 20
Bright Wrap.—Com.	20 to 30
Medium,	25 to 40
Fine,	50 to 60
Extra.	60 to 90

COTTON.—Raleigh June 6th.—The market firm, receipts light. Low middlings at 14¼ 15 nominal stained at 13½a14.

We are indebted to the Raleigh News for our Cotton reports.

Wilmington, 5th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 15; low middlings 13½.

Norfolk, 5th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 15½a15¾.

FLOUR.—Flour Markets dull and prices rule low, Raleigh, June 5th, North Carolina $7.25@$7.50.

Provisions.—Raleigh June 6th. Western shoulders 10a11½c. Clear rib 13½. Hams 17½a18.

Wheat.—Richmond 4th. No material changes, prices for both Red and White ranging between 1.50 to 1.55.

STEAM

Carding Machine.

NEAR CEDAR GROVE.

THE subscriber informs the public that his Machines are now in

First Rate Order.

And he invites the patronage of all those interested in the business. All orders punctually and faithfully executed.

TERMS: White Wool Carded at 10 cts.
Mixed " 12 cts.
If Cross Carded 20 cts.

If the Wool is rolled one-fifth part will be charged

Thankful for past patronage, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

ALEX. WILKERSON.

Cedar Grove, June 9th '75.

List Your Taxes.

ALL persons liable for Corporation Tax, are hereby notified that the Board of Assessors, for the Town of Hillsboro, will be in session at the Court House on Friday and Saturday the 18th and 19th of June inst, for the purpose of re-assessing and listing all Polls and property liable for Taxation for the year 1875.

All persons failing to list their Polls and property will be charged a Double Tax.

JOHN M. BLACKWOOD, M. P.

June 2nd '75 2t.

Orange House.

THE Public are informed that this well known HOUSE is no longer open as a HOTEL.

But a cordial invitation is extended to share its hospitalities as a

Private Boarding House

where every effort will be made to make the guest AT HOME by the tender of the best fare that the Market affords, and by every care and attention that it is possible to bestow.

Summer visitors in anticipation of hot weather, will do take the Orange House in consideration in connection with their plans.

L. L. HASELL.

April 6th '75, tf.

THE RALEIGH NEWS.

DAILY AND WEEKLY,

PUBLISHED BY

The News Publishing Company,

Devoted to the best interests of the State of North Carolina, to the success of the Conservative party, the development of the hidden wealth of the State, the cause of immigration into our midst, and the advancement of the welfare of our people in every thing that serves to make a State prosperous and independent. &c.

ADVERTISING COLUMNS

will be found of great advantage, as the Daily enjoys the largest circulation of any Daily in the State, and is double that of any Daily published in Raleigh, and the Weekly circulates in every county in the State. Rates moderate.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Daily—one year,	$5.00.
" *6 months,*	3.00.
Weekly—one year,	1.00.

JOHN D. CAMERON, *Editor.*
JORDAN STONE, *Ass. Editor.*
E. C. WOODSON, *Local Editor.*

FITS CURED FREE!!

ANY person suffering from the above disease is requested to address DR. PRICE, and a trial bottle of medicine will be forwarded by Express.

FREE!

The only cost being the Express charges, which owing to my large business, are small. Dr. Price has made the treatment of

FITS OR EPILEPSY

a study for years, and he will warrant a cure by the use of his remedy.

Do not fail to send to him for a trial bottle; it costs nothing, and he

WILL CURE YOU.

no matter of how long standing your case may be, or how many other remedies may have failed. Circulars and testimonials sent with

FREE TRIAL BOTTLE.

Be particular to give your Express, as well as your Post Office direction, and

Address, DR. CHAS. T. PRICE,
april 21 1y 67 William Street, New York.

NOTICE.

Wm. J Hays,

WILL be at HILLSBORO, June 1st. When you can be supplied with

PICTURES,

taken in any style you may desire. This is a good opportunity. Call and examine.

Terms: Moderate. Satisfaction given or no charge made.

May 26th.

Dr. D. A. Robertson.

Surgeon Dentist.

Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.

WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Mon day of every month. And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same that they were before the war.

Orders left with Cameron & Bro. will be promptly attended to.

Danville Shoe Store.

(Opposite Planters National Bank.)

I am now in receipt of my SPRING STOCK of Ladies, Misses, and Children's, Gent's, Boys and Youths' Boots and Shoes of all kinds.

I keep good goods to suit customers, and the public generally at prices to suit the times, and for same class of Goods ANYWHERE in the United States.

Special care has been exercised in the selection of my Stock, to avoid all shoddy and poor shoes (goods), and I am prepared to say that the SHOES in my stock are all made to order and warranted to give satisfaction.

I respectfully solicit an inspection of my stock and comparison of prices.

JOS. L. TYACK,
Danville, Shoe and Hat Store.
april 21.

Marshall C. Cameron,

Dentist.

Late with DR. D. A. ROBERTSON.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity. Charges moderate, and satisfactory reference given if desired. Persons will be waited upon at their Homes, until I can arrange a suitable office. All orders left at Dr. Hockers, Drug Store, will be promptly attended to.

Dec. 9th 1874, 6m.

This is to certify that Marshall Cameron, of Hillsboro, N. C. has been a student in my office for three years, commencing Nov. 10th 1871 and ending Nov. 10th 1874. I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Marshall Cameron to any who may need his services as a dentist, feeling sure that he will do justice to his patients, and honor to his profession.

Nov. 16 '74. D. A. ROBERTSON.

Pepper's Saloon

AND

RESTAURANTS.

White Front, Wilmington St.,

Second Door South of Hargett St., Near his old Stand now known as the Carolina House, RALEIGH N. C.

W. R. PEPPER, the most distinguished Caterer in the South, will open his new Saloon and Restaurant, as above, to-day, Thursday October 1st. The best of everything in the business will be found at Pepper's, served up in Pepper's best style.

Norfolk Oysters. Meal at all hours.

W. R. PEPPER.

Nov. 18 2m.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable Tract of LAND lying between the Chapel Hill and Pittsboro Roads, two miles South-west of Hillsboro, known as the Henry Witherspoon place. Containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

On the premises are a good dwelling house, containing four rooms and a tenant house.

There is a small orchard of excellent fruit, and the fruit on the place is *never, or rarely ever killed by frost.*

There are two springs near the house of excellent water, one of them remarkably copious.

There are about seven acres of Meadow land which can be irrigated on both sides for its whole length.

There is a sufficiency of the wood and timber for the necessary repairs to fences and buildings.

TERMS OF SALE:

One thousand dollars. One half cash, balance in one and two years. This reserved until the last payment is made.

Purchasers are invited to visit the premises and to apply to Hamilton and Graham, Esq'rs. for further information.

WILLIAM STRUDWICK.

Jan. 29 '75. tf.

'AT BROWN'S.'

GRAND OPENING OF

Spring Millinery and Ladies Notions.

ALL NEW.

WILL be pleased to show my Goods. Prices as low as the lowest. Call and Examine.

MATTIE TAYLOR.

WANTED.

ALL kinds of Country Produce—for New Goods. MATTIE TAYLOR,
Milliner and Dress Maker,
"At Brown's."

IF you want the French Artificials, Hats and Bonnets. Go to

april 14. tf. MRS. TAYLOR'S.

GRAVES'

WAREHOUSE,

DANVILLE, VA.,

FOR THE SALE OF

LEAF-TOBACCO.

TWO and a half per cent. covers all charges for selling Tobacco at my house, and I guarantee as high prices, as good handling of Tobacco, and as prompt attention to business as any house in this market. Respectfully,

Wm. P. Graves.

Jan. 21 3m.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY ... JUNE 4, 1874.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the Recorder for 1874.

For 1 year, $2.00.
" 6 months, 1.00.

Payments always in advance.

Job printing done neatly, cheap'y and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and Interesting reading matter.

Another Change and Mistake.

The change of gauge has necessitated another change of schedule. The mail train going East passes Hillsboro at 6 a.m. and going West at 10.20 p. m. The schedule was received too late for publication, but will appear in full in our next issue.

Seasonable rains on Sunday and Monday morning, and crop prospect exceedingly good.

Robbery.

A negro, Edward Tapp, a boy of 14 broke open the house of Jacob Walker in the absence of the family on Wednesday last and stole $20 in money. The thief was arrested and committed to jail. Five dollars of the money were recovered.

The Torch Light.

This Journal has just entered upon its third year, and we congratulate its young editors upon their success. We feel a paternal interest in the Torch Light. It was first published in the Recorder office, and for a year was issued from here. The indefatigable industry of Mr Davis worked his monthly up to such popularity as to make its enlargement necessary. Its removal to Oxford supplied a want at that time felt by that town. We are glad to hear that success has attended the removal and hope the Torch Light will continue to blaze as a first class Luminary.

Southern Illustrated News.

We have received the prospectus of this Journal to be issued by Mr. R. T. Fulgham at Raleigh. The first number is advertised to appear on the 1st of June. An Illustrated paper equal to any northern publication is promised at the low price of $2.00 per year. Let it be supported.

The Gauge.

On Friday night an army of laborers passed this point tearing up the rails, making the change in the gauge. The track is now uniform on the new gauge from Charlotte to Raleigh and will be finished to Goldsboro this week. The Rail Road authorities acted promptly on the decision of a side issue by Judge Schenck, and hold the action of the Legislature in supreme contempt. We do not yet know whether Gov. Brogden is going to stay whipped, but so far the victory is with the foreign corporation.

Accidental Death.

Mr. James Christopher a citizen of this county, and a resident of the vicinity of Vincents Story, was instantly killed on Thursday last. He was at a sale at Mr. Nick Hester's, and having occasion to go to a neighbors, mounted a young horse for that purpose. He was scarcely in the saddle before he was thrown, and pitched upon his head, breaking his neck and causing instant death. Mr. Christopher was upwards of seventy years of age, and was a man much esteemed by those who knew him.

Notice.

Some weeks since a proposition was made to the Board of Commissioners of Orange to repair and make good the roads from Hillsboro and Durham to Chapel Hill by the use of Penitentiary labor, the only cost of the county being the subsistence of the laborers. The proposition was at first favorably entertained, but the Board afterwards receded from their position for reasons that may have been sound to them, but which strike us as shortsighted.

No one can be so blind as not to see that good roads are the first important want of the country. They not only facilitate the cost and lessen the labor of transportation among us, but the want of them repels settlement of immigrants among us. The vast bodies of vacant and worn land would come into market if they were made accessible. Farms already occupied would increase in value if their products could be taken to market at less cost.

The idea of opening up Chapel Hill by the improvement of the roads to it, would only be a beginning of the improvement of all the principal throughfares in the county by the same means. No cheaper and no better labor could be employed than that of the convicts. The work done by them would be thorough because it would be rigorously exacted.

Chapel Hill is the first point selected because the re-opening of the University thus will bring it at once into notice. A population would soon flock there to fill up its vacant houses. Facility of access would enlarge the population, and the value of property would be so enhanced, that the original outlay for the construction of roads would be largely reimbursed by the increase of taxes upon property made doubly valuable by improved roads. Lands along good roads too, also rise in value, and the county will be making a good investment by adopting this cheap and feasible means of improvement.

We hope the Commissioners will reconsider their action.

THE CEDAR GROVE MEETING.

A township meeting was held at Cedar Grove on Saturday to consider the question of the nomination for the Convention. Accounts of the proceedings are contradictory and we defer observations until we obtain official information. It appears that over one hundred persons were present. Josiah Turner, Jr. was present and opened the meeting with his usual speech, only a little more so. Resolutions laudatory of him and endorsing his course were submitted, and were adopted by a vote of 14 to 7, only that number voting out of the number present. This of course will be trumpeted as a victory. As no other nomination was made it is possible that the action of the county convention will be taken as final. This however, without any abatement of dissatisfaction but solely in obedience to a principle which has always governed the people of Orange, a loyalty to party even with distasteful standard bearers.

REMINISCENCES OF HILLSBORO.

NEAR 70 YEARS AGO.

MR. EDITOR:

Calling to mind reminiscences and changes of gone by days when a boy near 70 years ago, and another generation having grown up in the interval, it may be interesting to them to know something of the corporation of this ancient town, its extension then, and now, of the old citizens, the then merchants, which are long since passed away, leaving but very few of their decendants, the "musterings, equipments &cat that time." I will relate them to you for your perusal with a request that you give them an insertion.

In the west end of the town on King street, there was but two framed houses—the one where Mrs. Carmichael now lives the other an old framed house on the lot where Hogwood Beverly now lives, west of these were vacant lots, town common and chinquepin thickets. Leaving King street north, is the residence of Mr. Lynch, at that time owned by Robert Eaton. West and north of Mr. Lynch's were vacant lots and town common.

On Church street there were but two houses,—the old dilapidated church where the Presbyterian Church is located and the dwelling of the late Mrs. Watters where Governor Graham's residence is situated. West and north of that, were vacant lots. There were but few buildings on Queen street—the Rider house where Mr. Rogers now lives, and a little east of that David Sloan lived. Rider was a Dutchman and Sloan a Scotchman. They were both tailors. On the north side, old Mr. James Phillips lived and sold to the late Dr. James Webb, old Mr. Sterling Harris lived where the Misses Heartt now reside, and a little west of that, was the residence of Jehu Whitted where Dr. Wilson now resides. There were all the frame buildings on Queen street. Leaving Queen street going north, was the old race track. On this race course is where Gen'l Sam Benton, David Ray, Jonathan Forrest, John Stowe and ——Bond and others with their fine racers Casalus, Dolly, Baldoon and Rufus. These were Benton's, Molly-long-legs, Ray's, Iron Grey, Forrest: The others, the writer cannot recollect.

The prominent citizens at that time, were Judge Nash, Dr. James Webb, John Casey, Major. William P. Strudwick, Sampel Benton, William Duffy Samuel Turrentine, Josiah Turner, James Child Samuel Child, Gavin Alvis, Catlett Campbell, William Bond, David Yarbrough, John Faddis, Henry Thompson, Henry Shutt, George Clancy, John Street, John Allison, William Whitted, Jehu Whitted, William Horton, Sterling Harris. Of these, Bond and Yarbrough, Child & Alvis, John Street William Whitted were merchants. There were two other stores, one owned by Cain & Ray, the other by the elder William Kirkland. These last named were not citizens of the town. At that day there were no kings nor clubs among those old time honored merchants. It was fair play and honest dealing. Our merchants never went further than Petersburg for their stocks of goods, preferring to spend their money on the borders of North Carolina, from whence our farmers would get it back in return for their waggon load of flour and other produce, as also for their hogs-heads of tobacco drawn through dirt and mud by their fine teams.

At our musterings, there would be at least one third of the men without fire-arms, using walking sticks, corn stalks &c; instead. This was owing to the fact that the merchants brought but very few guns and they sold so high, poor men were not able to purchase. They had no uniform, save the town company that consisted of white cotton cloth pantaloons with hunting shirts of the same trimmed with red flannel around the edges, collar and arms and belt of the same. This company was designated as the artillery, commanded by Samuel Turrentine, the then Sheriff of Orange. Rider was the drummer, and Roswell Huntington played the fife for this company.

OLD COURT HOUSE.

In conclusion, I ask you, Mr. Editor, where is the old Court house in which in those days (for the want of a house of worship) the holy gospel was preached by the learned and pious divines, the Revs Dr. Leonard Fridher, William Paisley, Samuel Paisley, Robert Daniel, William Bingham, John Pickard, Dr. Witherspoon, and others and in which also the laws were administered and justice done by the learned jurists & distinguished Judges Henderson, Lowrie, Lock, Seawell, Cameron, Murphey, Norwood, Ruffin, Nash, Badger, and others in succession? Where is it now? But it is a question that answers itself. Its present occupancy is only an outgrowth of changed conditions, and presents a picture in such striking contrast with the past that the old gentry might be supposed to feel already in their graves at the knowledge of it.

O. W. B.

See Advertisement of Alex. Wilkerson, steam grinding. Persons can rely upon Mr. Wilkerson doing their work well, with neatness and dispatch.

Early to bed, and early to rise,
Is all in vain, if you don't advertise,
For what is the use of being there,
If people don't know where you are.

The Wilmington Journal says: We have been lauded a specimen of the old North Carolina Continental currency. It is No. 453, for the sum of $8, and states on the face that it was "issued by authority of Congress at Halifax, April 21, 1776." It is only about 2¼x4¼ inches in size, and is adorned with a flowery border and a rooster in the lower left hand corner.

There are four signatures on the face consisting of J. Bradford, B. McCulloch, W. T. Alston and G. Hill.

STATE NEWS.

Mr. George Harper of Wilmington was shot at and dangerously wounded on Friday evening by some unknown assassin a ball entered his hip inflicting a dangerous wound. The ball has been extracted, and Dr. Bellamy thinks the wounded man may recover.

The Steamship Pioneer sailed from Wilmington on Tuesday drawing 13 feet, one inch aft. This proves that the increase of water on the main bar is maintained.

Wilmington sent to foreign ports on Tuesday, 1929 casks spirits of Turpentine, 3,031 barrels rosin 386,000 feet of lumber, 2 26,000 shingles, and 2,050 rail road ties.

Mr. Daniel Fergus, an old resident of Wilmington, and a soldier of the war of 1812, died recently at the age of 84.

The Concord Sun has been discontinued by the death of its late editor Mr. C. F. Harris. Arrangements are being made to revive it.

Subscriptions to the University are being made rapidly. Over eleven thousand dollars have already been guaranteed, and yet the circulars addressed to the different parts of the State have hardly had time to reach their destination. The prospects truly are bright.

Beaufort, with a population of about 2500, has 36 males and 36 females whose united ages made a average of 70 years for each individual. This makes Beaufort almost as healthy as Hillsboro.

The Cumberland County Democratic Convention has nominated Mr. Jos. A. Worth, a brother to Gov. Worth, and Mr. Neill R. Blue as candidates for the Convention—first rate selections.

Twenty miles of the Fayetteville and Florence Rail Road have been graded. The work goes on quietly and steadily.

Twelve miles of the road from Sanford south have been laid, and the cars will probably reach Carthage Station by the 1st of July.

George W. Cunningham, a young man of respectable connections in Buncombe Co. was hung at Asheville on the 29th of May for the murder of Stelsburg, a man who had come into the county with a view of settling and who had some money, and which was taken by the murderer.

The house of Mr. Sol Bear was robbed on Monday night. Wilmington is again become infested with the gang which was thought to have been broken up.

Gov. Allen of Ohio says, in a letter to the Charlotte Observer, that he was born in Edenton, N. C. in 1806. Alas! Poor Lynchburg! One more laurel stripped from her.

Memorial day, the day for the decoration of the graves of the Federal dead at Raleigh, was marked by the union of the soldiers of both sections in the beautiful solemnity. The two military companies of Raleigh, the Light Infantry and the Artillery joined with the Federal soldiers in this tribute to the dead. The days of peace and harmony are steadily approaching.

Judge Tourgee delivered the address at the Federal memorial celebration at Raleigh and his speech is said to have been unexceptionable in spirit, and, as a literary effort, very fine.

The Patriot says work has been begun on the new Roman Catholic church at Greensboro under the supervision of Mr. Ashely.

The Patriot says a large number of hands are in Greensboro to go at once to work in changing the gauge of the N. C. R. R. to the Company Shops.

Levi Donnell, a youth of 17 years died at Greensboro on Tuesday after an illness of three days.

The Patriot says the Guilford Grange had a reunion on the 28th inst in the Court House. It was resolved to keep up the Organization and a committee was appointed to gather up old records, banners &c.

The condition of Dr. Mott, of Statesville, is still critical.

Judge Watts entertained the farmers of Northampton with an agricultural address during the recent session of his Court in that county.

Two of the negro murderers of Mr. Presson, in Northampton county are to be hung next month, one on the 4th and the other on the 18th. Williams, to be hung on [illegible] holiday in an unexcited manner.

Says the Charlotte Observer: The Carolina Central Railroad is now in good condition from Wilmington to Buffalo. That part of the road between Charlotte and Monroe, which was in such a fearful state during the Winter, has become measurably smooth, and trains are now running their schedules with almost perfect regularity.

Says the Wilmington Star: We learn from a private letter received from Fairfield, Hyde county, that an extensive fire raged almost throughout the country last week. In some sections the soil was hid for three days by the smoke. Ashes and cinders were borne in the air ten miles and pieces of bark three inches long were found eight miles from the immediate neighborhood of the fire. In some places the smoke was so thick that persons were compelled to crawl on the ground to find their way. The entire woods were in flames. The letter gives no estimate of the extent of the damage.

The dogs in Wilmington don't do things in any half way. Says the Journal: "A dog belonging to a gentleman in this city a few days since had a litter of eleven puppies, one of which soon afterwards died, whereupon the mother very carefully raised it in her mouth and carried it to the front garden where she put it down in a cool and shady place, under some ornamental bushes. She then dug a grave with her paws and placed the dead puppy in it and afterwards carefully covered it up with the earth, filling the hole level with the surface."

The Observer says: Two negroes from "up North" were in the first class car on the Richmond & Danville Railroad yesterday morning. At Greensboro the young ladies of the Female Institute filled the car on their way home to spend the vacation. A committee of young men numbering about fifty, asked Saunto and Cuffee to "step down and out." They refused to do so, when they were forcibly ejected. The negroes made fight, resistence but will doubtless write a book about it on their return.

We regret to learn that our venerable friend, Mr. Thomas Wilson is quite sick. We hope to hear of his speedy improvement. Mr. Wilson has just entered his 79th year.

The interesting reminiscences of Hillsboro 70 years ago will be read with interest. They will be followed by other sketches from the same pen.

Take life easy and don't always be trying to beat the sun up, says an exchange. You may win for a while, but in the long run you are sure to be beaten, and some morning it will rise when you don't.

Sad Accident.

We regret to learn the death of Frank Smith, son of our old friend Joe Smith of this vicinity. Mr. Smith was living in Georgia, in putting a belt on a pump was caught in the belt and lived only about fourteen hours. This is sad news to his parents and many friends in Orange.

MARRIED,

Mr. Joseph Cooley, the Railroad Agent at this place, was married in Thomasville last Wednesday night, by the Rev. Mr. Cole, of this place to Miss. Molly Shelly, of Thomasville. The groom and his bride arrived here on Thursday morning accompanied by quite a pretty selection of the Thomasville girls.

In this vicinity on the 30th inst, at the residence of the bride's father by Calvin E. Smith, Esq; Mr. John Thompson, to Miss. Becca Edwards.

WANTED.

A N Alumnus of Davidson College desires a position as teacher for the ensuing year, in a moral community that appreciates the advantages of an education. Excellent testimonials from North Carolina, as well as from Texas and Kentucky, where he has been teaching, can be shown if desired.

Also, he desires to obtain employment, for the next three months in any honorable capacity. He is a good scribe. Address

J. N. H. SUMMERELL,
June 2 pd. 3t. Salisbury, N. C.

JUST OPENED

AT

BLACKWOOD'S.

A FINE line of Mens and Boys HATS, latest Styles.

Also, a nice assortment of SHOES, embracing Misses, Ladies, and Childrens.

All of which will be sold very low for CASH.

Call and examine, before making your purchases,

We charge nothing for showing goods.

Will be pleased to see you.

Hillsboro, May 18th, '74.

WOOL CARDING.

NEAR

OAKS, ORANGE CO. N. C.

OUR Machines are now in splendid order and we are prepared to do work that cannot be excelled in the State.

We have a Burrer and Picker attached to our Machines, thereby saving the labor of Picking and Burring your Wool, before bringing it for Carding. Grease furnished if desired.

CASH TERMS—Those bringing their Wool to our Machine, will be charged Eight cents per pound, or one Fifth of the Wool. Colored Wool will be charged 12½ cents, to be brought to the Machine. Those finding it more convenient to do so, can leave their Wool at C. M. BLACKWOOD'S Store, Hillsboro, and at Mebane-ville Depot. We will receive it there, card and return it for 10 cts. per pound. Work executed with dispatch. M. W. MOORE & CO.

May 5. Oaks, N. C.

CASH FEVER AT BROWN'S.

SORRY TO SAY I HAVE CAUGHT IT. My notion was, Man was Born on a credit and Died on credit.

110 Bbl. best Lime at Granger price, MEAL, BACON, FLOUR, CHEESE and BUTTER, in store from out of the state—is this best Grangers. I offer the largest Stock of

New Staple Goods, Hats, Boots, and Shoes, Clothing, Hardware, Groceries and Confectioneries, that I have done for 3 years. Will open

TO-DAY

The Largest Best Selected Stock of Boots and Shoes

In this section for Sale LOW. Best prints that cost 11 cts. I offer at 10 cts as others do.

'I WILL TRY IT.'

HENRY N. BROWN.

april 7.

ECONOMIZE BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF LEVY BROTHERS:

Who are now Selling at Smaller Profits than Ever.

Mixed Wash-Poplins at 10 and 18c. worth 15 and 25c per yard;
Striped Wash-Poplins at 12½c. regular price everywhere else;
Japanese Striped Poplins at 15, 20, 25, 30, and 35c. per yard (with no cent more;
Striped Silks at 50c, 90c, $1 and $1.25 per yard, which is from 25 to 50c per yard below regular prices;
Debage, Plaid MOHAIRS, Balernah Cheni Lustres, and other new and desirable styles of DRESS GOODS at great bargains;
Linen Lawns at 25 and 30c. per yard worth 35c;
Black Alpacas and Mohairs from 25c. up to $1.50 per yard;
Linen for Dresses in great variety;
A large lot of GRENADINES for dresses at 10 and 15c. per yard worth from 20 to 30c per yard;
Black Grenadines from 12½c up to $1.50 a yard;
Dress Goods for Mourning—such as Bombazine, Tamise, Delaines, Australian Cloths, etc.;
Black Silks at 75 80c., $1 $1.05, $1.35, 1.40, 1.50, 1.75, 2, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3, 3.25, 3.50, and $4—all of which are very much below the regular prices;
Lancaster Cambrics at 12½c. per yard;
A large stock of the best Percales at 15 and 16½c. per yard;
Tucked Cambric for Skirts, 1¼ yards wide, at 35c. worth $1 per yard;
Yard-wide Tucked Cambric at 25c. per yard worth 50c;
A large stock of remnants of DRESS GOODS of every description;
Hamburgh Nets for Sacques, Tabiers and Polo, nets and Trimming Laces for same;
Cording at 5c, 10 and 15c. per yard worth from 10c. to 25;
A large stock of *Cassimeres, Cloths, Vestings, Ducks and Drillings* at prices to suit the times;
Ready-Made Garments in great variety at lower prices than ever;
Hamburgh Edgings and Insertings in endless variety;
Also, a full assortment of Yak, Coburgs, Alpacas, Linings, Bobbin and Colored Lace and Edgings;
Shetland Shawls at $1.25 $1.50 2, 2.50, $3, $4 and $5;
Black Lace Points, Shawls and Sacques at prices to suit every body;
Hoop-Skirts and Bustles of the latest styles;
SUMMER BALMORAL SKIRTS;
Window Shades in great variety, among which will be found the new style IMITATION Lace Shades;
Lace and Nottingham Curtains at extraordinary bargains;
A large assortment of Cornices, Bands, Loops and Knobs, for curtain trimmings;
Knottingham Laces from 12½c. up to $1.25 per yard;
Also, a large assortment of Nottingham Lace Lambrequins;
Embroidered Curtain Muslin, 1¼ yards wide at 25c. worth 50c. per yard;
Linen Carriage Dusters in great variety, and material for lining carriages;
Doylies or Fringed Napkins, warranted all linen at 60c. 75c and $1 per dozen, would be cheap at 75c $1 and $1.25 per dozen;
Linen Napkins at $1, $1.25, 1.50 and up to $3 per dozen, being the largest and cheapest stock ever offered in this city;
Huckaback Towels, pure linen, at $1.25, $1.50, 1.75, $2, and up to $15 per dozen;
Damask Towels, pure linen, at $2.50, $3, 3.25, $4, and up to $15 per dozen;
Initial Note Paper at 12¼, 15, 20 and 25c. per box, worth 50 per cent more;
Silk Ties of the latest styles from 15c up to $3;
Silk Handkerchiefs or Mufflers from 50c. up to $2;
Ruchs and Ruffles in great variety at lower prices than ever;
Fringes, Gimps, Buttons, Braids;
Sewing Silks, Trimming Silks, Linings, &c. to match all of the new style dress goods;
Crape Veils in all sizes at extraordinary low rates and thousands of other articles to be sold at extremely low prices for Cash at

LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
may 10. RICHMOND, VA.

1875 SPRING 1875.

J. F. FREELAND, & Co.,
Durham, N. C.
DEALER IN
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,
GROCERIES and Dress Goods.

Persons visiting Durham, will find it to their interest to call, as they will find everything usually kept in a
FIRST CLASS HOUSE.
At bottom Prices. Call and see us.
Our Mr. Dickson, is with us and will be glad to see his old friends.
April 14 3m pd.

Nat L. Brown,
RALEIGH, N. C.
DEALER in all kinds of
Musical Instruments, Strings and Trimmings for Violins, Guitars, Banjors,
CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.
BASKETS, Baskets, the largest assortment in the State.
Also General Agent for the celebrated ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS. Best for Churches, best for Schools, best for the Home Circles, best Everywhere. You can save money time and freight by purchasing from NAT L BROWN,
Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Raleigh,
Jan. 20. tf. N. C.

LUMBER YARD
AT
HILLSBORO.

WILL open a large Stock of Goods this week.
Will open a large Stock of Carriage Trimmings.
WANTED—Lumber and Country Produce
No Clerks or Store rent to pay. I am satisfied the Merchants do not want to keep this line of Goods.
april 20. A. C. MURDOCK.

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Authorized Capital $500,000.
JAS. TURNER TATE, President.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.
F. H. DEWEY, Ass't. Cashier.
AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF
TATE & DEWEY.

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General Assembly, and duly organized under laws of the State of North Carolina, with ample funds, is prepared to transact
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,
and extends accommodations to all Citizens on
LIBERAL TERMS.
The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check and will
Allow Interest According to Agreement,
on all Deposits left on time, or issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest at the rate of
Eight per Cent per Annum,
on all sums lying undrawn over thirty days.
Gold and Silver Coin, Bullion and old Bank Notes Bought and Sold.
THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1 '1875. 1y. Cash.

Oak City Mills,
RALEIGH, N. C.
WANTED for these Mills,
10,000 Bushels White Corn;
1,000 " Rye,
1,000 " Oats.
WILLIAMSON UPCHURCH & THOMAS
sept 16 6m. Agents for Oak City Mills.

W. J. BAKER, J. B. NEAL, W. B. SHEPARD,
Baker, Neal & Shepard,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, VA.
Agents for PATAPSCO GUANO.
Aug. 26.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS FROM
PETER SMITH,
The Leader of Low Prices,
IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
NO. 156 Main Street,
march 11 12m. NORFOLK, Va.

R. L. HICKSON,
DANVILLE, VA.
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots, Shoes, Hats,
FURNITURE, CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c, &c.
I occupy FOUR of the LARGEST Stores in the place, and each branch of the business is conducted separately. In FURNITURE, I have the largest Stock South of Baltimore. Parties in want of LOW Prices or fine FURNITURE, would do well to call on me, before purchasing elsewhere, or Ladies in want of fine
DRY GOODS,
can save money by calling on me, or sending for Samples which will be cheerfully sent.
RICH'D. L. HICKSON,
Main Street,
jan. 13. Danville, Va.

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE and Residence, on corner of Queen and Churton Sts. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.
Jan: 12 '74 1y.

THE DIXIE PLOW.
RUNS EASY TO PLOWMAN AND TEAM.
WE are Agents for this very POPULAR PLOW and any one wanting one can save money by buying from us.
To Farmer's Clubs and Granges we are prepared to give most liberal Terms.
THOS. H. HUGHES & SON,
feb 10. Hillsboro or Cedar Grove, N. C.

CONSUMPTION CURED.
To the Editor of Recorder—
Esteemed Friend:
Will you please inform your readers that I have a positive
CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
and all disorders of the Throat and Lungs, and that, by its use in my practice, I have cured hundreds of cases, and will give
$1,000.00
for a case it will not benefit. Indeed, so strong is my faith, I will send a SAMPLE, FREE, to any sufferer addressing me.
Please show this letter to any one you may know who is suffering from these diseases, and oblige,
Faithfully yours,
DR. T. F. BURT,
april 21 2m. 69 William St., New York.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....JUNE 9. 1875.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 3 months $5—6 months $8—12 months $15
2 " 3 " $10—6 " $18—12 " $25
3 " 3 " $15—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $30—6 mo. $50—12 mo. $85
column 3 months $50—6 mo. $70—12 mo. $100

COWS VS. COTTON.

Can't you awaken some interest among the farmers of North Carolina on the subject of an improved manner of treating cows, and making milk for butter and cheese for home use and market, and for rearing and fattening pigs for pork to fill the empty stomachs of the land?

Few well informed farmers will gainsay the statement that dairying could be made more profitable here than at the North, East or West. True we have not the fine grass fields of the North and East, nor the immense corn supply of the West, but we have what could and would, with a little effort, place us on a more favorable footing. We have lands that, if made equally rich, will bring more grass or clover; we have a climate more equable, and from two to three months less winter feeding; and last, but not least, we have an endless supply of most excellent cow food in the seed of cotton, which though not inferior to the best grass or grain if properly treated in their natural condition, could be made the best and cheapest of all feed for cows, if the hulls could be removed at small cost. In this connection let me enquire if any of your readers can give the probable cost of a huller?

Cotton seed cake is much sought after, both in the North and in England as a food for cows, and yet thousands of our respectable cotton planters allow large piles of this most excellent cow food to go to waste or rot for the corn patch, while at least ten per cent of their scrub cows are literally blown away by the March winds yearly. These winter skeletons grow fat and are hopeful of a long existence while the grass grows in the spring and summer, and if perchance they can pick up a few stray shucks about the corn fields or barn yard they go through the winter and come out in the spring looking quite cheerful, when the dusky milk woman will again begin her daily "spring pulling" for a little poor milk to put in coffee..

This, sir, is about the condition of the average cow in my section. Why is it so? Ignorance or thriftlessness can alone be the cause, for it is most certainly in the reach of every farmer to make at any rate a supply of milk and butter for his own family.

I have scarcely opened the subject, for it is one full of interest to the farmers of the South, and I trust some one, well informed on the subject, will give your paper weekly articles brim-full of experience and practical good sense.

Rearing, keeping and feeding good cattle is the sheet anchor of good farming. Our land will continue poor for ages unless we adopt some plan by which we can receive a supply of rich barn yard 'guano,' and this we cannot get from poor cows poorly fed.

'Cotton is King' was the war cry of the South during the war; now cotton is 'king as' of the whole country, and he is too often backed by the benighted farmer, with his feet draggling in the mud of despair, while the March winds whistle through the cracks of his empty corn crib, and the 'nigger and the mule" tussle over the few remaining bundles of fodder. And alas, too often is it the case that these 'king cotton farmers,' in utter despair of success in their vocation, wander about at cross road trading stations, (mortgage shops,) from 'groceri to groceri'? in quest of the last item of news from the 'Beecher-Tilton scandal,' or repeat the well worn phrase "farming don't pay."

Ringwood, N. C. J. P. L.

WHAT FARMERS WANT.

We are sick and tired of sectional men and sectional measures. We have played the tune of sectionalism to an impoverished South. We want peace. The farmers of the country, the toiling masses, demand it. We want, and must have men and measures for the whole country. If we have erred, we think that debt is paid, and we want receipts on that score. Those who now pass laws—sectional in their bearing—dishonoring one section of the United States more than another, are guilty of a crime not second to secession. Let us hold such as odious, and mark the perpetrators.

We are now in favor of going to work in order to build up this beautiful land, and in order to build up we must quit tearing down. We want more population. Our farms are too large. We can do better with half, and sell the other half to some honest, hard-working man. The resources of this country equal any in the world. We want them developed. And, as far as there being danger in a Northern gentleman or a Northern lady locating in this country, it is simply too thin; it is not only a falsehood, but can be nothing but a political trick. We are ready to welcome all who come in the true spirit. But those who prefer mixing and mingling with the colored part of our population to associating with their own color will find less sympathy in this country than an honest negro man or negro woman.

The farmer North, South, East or West has more at stake and suffers more in consequence of the unsettled affairs of the South than any other portion of our community. W. P. Mooney.

A WORD OF ADVICE.

Be industrious. The world is already burdened by loafers, idlers, and non-producers, all of whom have to be supported by those who work. Begin early to teach your children the value of labor and industry. Make your calculations to be busy and usefully employed as long as you live. The idea of living the half of one's life under double pressure, and then after getting a competency, retiring from all active life and living easy upon the interest of the capital acquired, is the height of folly. It is contrary to nature, and must work disastrously both to the body and the mind. Be industrious at some paying branch of your business, and earn money to use as well as to keep.

As we look around among the farmers of our acquaintance, we see many who spend most of their rainy days and evenings at the village stores or post office, discussing the weather, the crop prospects, the general news of the village, and sometime a little politics.

As a general rule, one had better be at home attending to the plans or details of his business, or reading books or papers that would teach more valuable lessons than can be learned at the corner grocery or village post-office.

Useful Information.—One thousand laths will cover seventy yards of surface, and eleven pounds of nails will put them on.

A cord of stone, three bushels of lime, and a cubic yard of sand will lay one hundred cubic feet of wall.

Eight bushels of good lime, sixteen bushels of sand, and one bushel of hair, will make enough good mortar to plaster one hundred square yards.

One thousand shingles, laid four inches to the weather, will cover one hundred feet of square surface, and five pounds of shingle nails will fasten them on.

One-fifth more siding and flooring is needed than the number of square feet of surface to be covered, because of the lap in the siding and matching of the floor.

N. F. BURNHAM'S
TURBINE
WATER WHEEL

Was Selected, 4 years ago, and put to work in the Patent Office, Washington, D. C. and has proved to be the BEST, 19 sizes made. Prices lower than any other first class Wheel. Pamphlet free. Address N F BURNHAM, York, Pa.

ACTUAL
BUSINESS COLLEGE.
OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

The Oldest, the Largest and the Best Business College in the United States.

Prof. J. M. Phillips is in charge of our Actual Business Department, and in daily attendance.

Our Illustrated College Journal, with Beautifully Flourished Eagle, sent by mail free of charge. Address,

E. K. LOSIER, President. Baltimore, Md.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address, GEO STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

Psychomancy, Or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, A queer book 100,000 sold. Address T WILLIAM & Co. Publishers, Philadelphia.

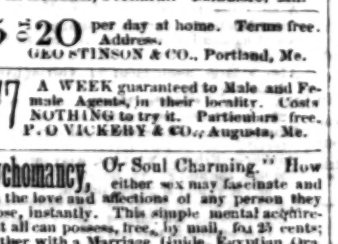
ADVERTISER'S GAZETTE.

A JOURNAL of Information for Advertisers. Editon, 9,600 copies. Published Weekly. Terms, $2 per annum in advance.

Five Specimen Copies (Different Dates) to one address for 25 cents.

Office No. 51 Park Row, New York.
Geo. P Rowell & Co.,
Editors and Publishers.

H. A. Reams & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF REAMS'



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The Only BLACKING that will
Polish Over Oiled Surface
AND
PRESERVE THE LEATHER!

Warranted to excel all Others, or Money Refunded.

Can be sold low as other Blacking. Liberal arrangements made with Merchants and Wholesale Dealers. april 14 3m.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
22d, Opposite Bank St. & Capitol Square
Richmond, Va.
T. W. Hoenniger,
PROPRIETOR.

A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the travelling public.

Mr. John P. Ballard, will be glad to see his old friends and patrons. sept 9 1y.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
ALSO STATIONARY & PORTABLE
STEAM ENGINES,
No. 5 N. Schroeder st.
BALTIMORE, MD.

Grist Mills, Leffel's Turbine Water Wheels, Wood Working Machinery of all kinds, & Machinists' Sundries.
SEND FOR CATALOGUES.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing with stamp.

CHAS. G. BLACHLEY, Manufacturer,
506 Commerce St. Philadelphia, Pa.
feb 17. *

S. P. WILLIAMSON, W. G. UPCHURCH, J. J. THOMAS
Williamson, Upchurch & Thomas,
53 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.
WHOLESALE
Grocers, Cotton Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants.

We are now receiving
200 Rolls heavy Cotton Bagging,
50 Bales Gunny Bagging,
2000 Yards Dundee Cotton Bagging,
1200 Bundles Cotton Ties,
1000 Pounds Bagging Twine.
And a general Stock of heavy
Groceries.

We sell Cotton for Fifty cents per Bale Commission.

REFER TO
W. F. Strond, Chapel Hill,
J. W. Cheek, Durham.
Sept. 16th 6m.

W. E. ANDERSON, President. F. M. WILEY, Cashier.
Citizens' National Bank
OF
RALEIGH, N. C.
Authorized Capital, $500,000.
DEAL IN
Government and other Securities.
Nov. 14. 6m.

John Armstrong.
No. 1 Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N C.
BOOK BINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer.

NEWSPAPERS, Magazines and Law Books of every description bound in the very best Style and at Lowest Prices. jan 1 1y.

C. E. PARISH,
Attorney at Law,
Hillsboro, N. C.

PARTICULAR attention given to collections and cases in Bankruptcy.
Office in the Court House. [may 21 m

THEODORICK A. WILLIAMS. JOHN N. WILLIAMS
W. C. DICKSON.
T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
Nos. 2 and 4 Roanoke Square,
corner Roanoke Dock,
aug. 26 1y. NORFOLK, VA.

VICK'S
FLORAL GUIDE
FOR 1875.

PUBLISHED QUARTERLY.—January Number just issued, and contains over 100 Pages 500 Engravings, descriptions of more than 500 of our best FLOWERS & VEGETABLES, with Directions for Culture, Colored Plate, etc. The most useful and elegant work of the kind in the world. Only 25 cents for the year. Published in English and German. Address
JAMES VICK,
dec. 15 Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE

IN the Town of Hillsboro, a neat well built Cottage of 8 rooms with fire places. Kitchen, Servants House, Stables, Garden and Well. The health and high grade of School make this a most desirable location to a person desirous of educating sons or daughters.

PAUL C. CAMERON.
Nov. 18 6t.

JEWELLERS,
John H. Tyler & Co,
Successors to
MITCHEL AND TYLER.
1107 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.

HAVE constantly on hand and are in daily receipt, of New Goods, both in *Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware, Spectacles, Fancy, Military and Masonic Goods.*

Watch repairing, including adjusting skillfully executed. Orders per mail promptly attended to and satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.
Sept. 9 6m.

A Representative and Champion of American Art Taste!

PROSPECTUS FOR 1875.
EIGHTH YEAR.

THE ALDINE,
THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA.
Issued Monthly.

A Magnificent Conception, Wonderfully carried out.

The necessity of a popular medium for the representation of the production of our great Artists, has always been recognized, and many attempts have been made to meet the want. The successive failures which so invariably followed each attempt in this country to establish an art journal, did not prove the indifference of the people of America to the claims of high art. So soon as a proper appreciation of the want and an ability to meet it were shown, the public at once rallied with enthusiasm to its support; and the result was a great artistic and commercial triumph—THE ALDINE.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity and some of the temporary or timely interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals, is an elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of *The Aldine* will be most appreciated after it is bound up at the close of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class, *The Aldine* is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume cannot duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes for *ten times the cost*; and then, there is the *Chromo*, besides!

The national feature of THE ALDINE must be taken in no narrow sense. True art is cosmopolitan. While THE ALDINE is a strictly American institution, it does not confine itself entirely to the reproduction of native art. Its mission is to cultivate a broad and appreciative art taste, one that will discriminate only on grounds of intrinsic merit. Thus, while placing before the patrons of *The Aldine*, as a leading characteristic, the productions of the most noted American artists, attention will always be given to specimens from foreign ateliers, giving subscribers all the pleasure and instruction obtainable from home or foreign galleries.

The artistic illustration of American scenery, original with *The Aldine*, is an important feature and its magnificent plates are of a size more appropriate to the satisfactory treatment of details than can be afforded by any inferior page. The judicious interspersion of landscape, marine, figure and animal subjects, sustain an unabated interest, impossible where the scope of the work confines the artist too closely to a single style of subject. The literature of *The Aldine* is a light and graceful accompaniment, worthy of the artistic features, with only such technical disquisitions as do not interfere with the popular interest of the work.

PREMIUM FOR 1875.

Every subscriber for 1875 will receive a beautiful portrait, in oil colors, of the same noble dog whose picture in a former issue attracted so much attention.

"MAN'S UNSELFISH FRIEND."

Will be welcome in every home. Everybody has such a dog, and the portrait is executed so to true the life, that it seems the veritable presence of the animal itself. The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage tells that his own Newfoundland dog (the finest in Brooklyn) barks at it! Although so natural no one who sees this premium chromo will have the slightest fear of being bitten.

Besides the chromo, every advance subscriber to THE ALDINE for 1875 is constituted a member, and entitled to all the privileges of

THE ALDINE ART UNION.

The Union owns the originals of all *The Aldine* pictures, which, with other paintings and engravings, are to be distributed among the members. To every series of 5,000 subscribers, 100 different pieces, valued at over $2,500 are distributed as soon as the series is full and the awards of each series so made, are to be published in the next succeeding issue of THE ALDINE. This feature only applies to subscribers who pay for one year in advance. Full particulars in circular sent on application enclosing a Stamp.

TERMS.

1 Subscription, entitling to THE ALDINE 1 year, the Chromo and the Art Union, $6.00 per annum, in advance.

No charge for postage.

Specimen Copies of *The Aldine*, 50 cents.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

Any person wishing to act permanently as local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to THE ALDINE CO., 58 Maiden Lane, New York.
25oct.

1846. THIRTIETH YEAR. 1875.
THE
HOME JOURNAL,
ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

"The Best Literary and Society Paper in America."

Its leading departments comprise Editorials on topics of fresh interest; Brilliant Romances and Portraitures of American Life; Editorial Reviews of new events in the world of Belles-Lettres, Painting, Sculpture, Science, Music, and the Drama; Original Essays; Ample Excerpts from the best European Writers, Spicy Letters from Correspondents in all the great Capitals of the World; copious Extracts from New Books; and racy accounts of sayings, happenings and doings in the Beau Monde; embracing the very freshest matters of interest in this country and in Europe—the whole completely mirroring the wit and wisdom, the humor and pathos, the news and sparkling gossip of the times.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Subscribers will receive The Home Journal for 1875

FREE OF POSTAGE.

The Home Journal alone, one year,	$3.
3 copies, one year,	$8.
6 " " "	$15.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

The Home Journal and any $4 periodical either Harper's Magazine, Harper's Weekly, Harper's Bazar, Atlantic Monthly, Scribner's Monthly, The Galaxy, Lippincott's Magazine, Appleton's Journal, Frank Leslie's Ladies Journal, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, Blackwood's Magazine, Westminster Review, or any of the English Quarterlies republished here will be sent for $5 25 the full price being $8. St. Nicholas for $4 50; full rates 6 00. Littell's Living Age for $8 75; full price, $11.

Subscriptions will take date immediately, or at any time subscribers prefer. Address the proprietors and publishers,

MORRIS PHILLIPS & CO.,
No. 3 Park Place, New York

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL

Absolutely safe. Perfectly odorless. Always uniform. Illuminating qualities superior to gas. Burns in any lamp without danger of exploding or taking fire. Manufactured expressly to displace the use of volatile and dangrous oils. Its safety under every possible test, and its perfect burning qualities, are proved by its continued use in over 300,000 families.

Millions of gallons have been sold and no accident—directly or indirectly—has ever occured on burning, storing or handling it.

The Insurance Companies and Fire Commissioners throughout the country recommend he Astral as the best safeguard when lamps are used. Send for circular. For sale at retail by he trade generally, and at wholesale by the proprietors, CHAS. PRATT & CO., 108, Fulton Street, New York.

K. P. BATTLE, President. F. H. CAMERON, Vice President.
W. H. HICKS, Sec'y.

NORTH CAROLINA
STATE LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY.
RALEIGH, N. C.
CAPITAL. $200,000

At end of First Fiscal Year had issued over 900 Policies without sustaining a single loss.

Prudent, economical and energetic management has made it

A SUCCESSFUL CORPORATION.

This Company issues every desirable form of Policies at as low rates as any other First Class Company.

Imposes no useless restriction upon residence or travel.

Has a fixed paid up value on all policies after two annual payments.

Its entire assets are loaned and invested

AT HOME,

to foster and encourage home enterprises.

Thirty days grace allowed in payment of premiums.

With these facts before them will the people of North Carolina continue to pay annually thousands upon thousands of dollars to build up Foreign Companies, when they can secure insurance in a Company equally reliable and every dollar's premium they pay be loaned and invested in our own State, and among our own people?

Apply to
A. W. GRAHAM, Agent, Hillsboro.
Or A. LONDON, Jr.
Gen'l. District Agent.
CAPT. JOHN TAYLOR, Hillsboro.
Genl. Dist. Ag't. Leasburg.
Sept 22 1y.

The Studebaker Bros'
FARM WAGONS.

The Cheapest, Finest Finished and most Substantial Wagon made in this country, for either Farm Work or Freight Transportation.

VERY HEAVILY IRONED.

And intended for work, and will stand long and hard service. They are beautifully painted and ornamented, and are handsome as well as good.

FOR FARM USE

We recommend the 3½ Thimble Skein Wagon, with drop pole, spring seat, and top body, with whiffletree, neck yoke and stay chains.

Price $120.

BRAKES furnished when desired without additional cost.

We have a car-load of these Wagons now in store and can ship promptly. Those who have been waiting to see them, are requested to call and examine them, and all others who want Wagons for use or sale are requested to send for a special wagon circular.

H. M. SMITH, & CO.
Sole Agents,
P. O. Box, 8. Richmond, Va.
Dec. 9.

TALBOTT & SONS,
(Successors to TALBOTT & BROTHER.)
Shockoe Machine Works,
CORNER CARY AND 17th STS.,
RICHMOND, VA.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES.

CIRCULAR Saw and Grist Mills; Hydraulic Presses, and all kinds of Tobacco Fixtures, Wrought Iron Works, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of every description, &c.
Sept 8th 1y.

CLOVER HOTEL.

Important to Travelers.

THE Clover Hotel, situated on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, is in every respect a

FIRST CLASS HOTEL!

THE TABLE will at all times be Supplied with the best the Market affords.

The Hungry Traveler can always rely on getting a GOOD MEAL. And ample time given to enjoy the same.

L. M. HAWKINS,
march 4. Proprietor.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
COR. MAIN AND CHURCH STS.,
NORFOLK, VA.
HOLT & BRO., Prop's.
Board, per day, $2.50.

THE WEIL HOUSE.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.,
W. R. BARRINGER, PROPRIETOR.
Board, per Day, $2.00 Dinner 75c.
April 15.

Piedmont Air-Line Railway.

Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division, and North Western N. C. R. W.

Condensed Time Table, in effect on and after Sunday, May 30th, 1875.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte,	9.24 p. m.	5.35 A M
" Air Line June'n	9.32 "	6.20
" Salisbury	11.00 "	8.04
" Greensboro	3.20 A M	10.55
" Danville,	6.30 "	1.12 P. M
" Dundee,	6.50 "	1.30
" Burkeville,	11.25	6.07
Ar. at Richmond,	7.22 p. m.	8.47 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond,	1.55 P. M.	5.05 A M
" Burkeville	4.56 "	8.23 "
" Dundee,	10.23 "	1.14 P. M.
" Danville	10.39 "	1.17 "
" Greensboro	2.45 A M	5.56 "
" Salisbury,	5.25 A M	8.16 "
" Air-Line J'n	7.55 "	8.29 P M
Ar. at Charlotte.	8.02 "	8.33 "

GOING EAST. STATIONS.	MAIL.	GOING WEST. MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	3.35 p. m.	Ar. 3.15 p m
" Co. Shops	4.06 "	L've 12.51 "
" Hillsboro,	"	"
" Raleigh	8.22 A M	" 8.47 P M
Ar. at Goldsboro'	11.05 "	L've 5.30 "

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro	4.20 p. m.
Arrive at Salem,	6.15 "
Leave Salem,	8.40 a. m.
Arrive at Greensboro,	10.35 "

Passenger train leaving Raleigh at 8.42 p. m. connects at Greensboro with the Northern bound train; making the quickest time to all Northern cities. Price of Tickets same as via other routes.

Trains to and from points East of Greensboro connect at Greensboro with Mail Trains to or from points North or South.

Two Trains daily both ways.

On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 9.00 a m., arrive at Burkeville 12.43 p m., leave Burkeville 4.25 a m., arrive at Richmond 7.58 a m.

Pullman Palace cars on all night trains between Charlotte and Richmond, (without change:

No Change of Cars between Charlotte and Richmond, 282 Miles.

Papers that have arrangements to advertise the schedule of this company will please print as above.

For further information address
S. E. ALLEN, Genl Ticket Agent
Greensboro, N. C.
T. M. R. TALCOTT, Engineer and Superintendent.

THE
The North Carolina Home
INSURANCE CO.
OF
RALEIGH, N. C.

Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise
AND
All Classes of Insurable Property,
AGAINST
Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Favorable Terms.

ITS Stockholders are gentlemen interested in building up North Carolina Institutions, and among them are many of the prominent business and financial men of the state.

All Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

This Company has, already, during the three years of its existence, paid a large amount of losses, yet its assets are steadily increasing.

It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of Property in North Carolina.

Encourage Home Institutions.

B. H. BATTLE, Jr., President.
C. B. ROOT, Vice President.
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.
P. COWPER, Supervisor.
HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents.
dec. 2 6m. Hillsboro, N. C.

INSURE YOUR
LIVES AND PROPERTY!

THE undersigned is Agent for the SECURITY AND ANNUITY LIFE Insurance Company of New York; also for YOUR of the very BEST Fire Cos. South.

Take a Life Policy for the benefit of the helpless ones to be left behind you. If you have no dependent ones, take a policy for your own benefit in after life when you possibly may need it, instead of throwing yourself on the cold charity of so called friends.

Insure your Dwellings, Barns, Store Houses, Mills, and all other property against loss by Fire. It may be the product of the labor of your past life or your all may be swept away by it.

When not traveling, he will be found at his office at Hillsboro, N. C., where he will be pleased to hear from all persons wishing insurance on
LIFE OR PROPERTY.
J. D. WILSON.
Oct. 28 1874 6m.

W. Alex. Bass & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
Tobacco,
Dried Fruits, Pea Nuts, Sumac, Beeswax,
And all other Southern Products,
No. 175 CHAMBERS ST.,
W. ALEX. BASS, NEW YORK.
RICHMOND, VA.

CASH Advances on Consignments, and Check for balances as soon as Goods are sold.
Sept. 16 1874 6m.